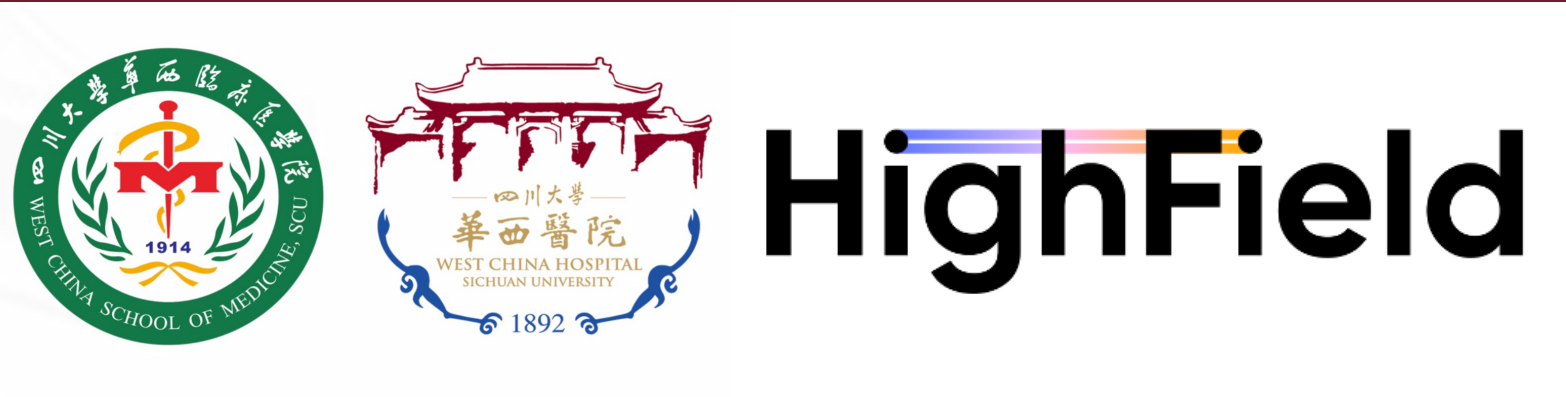


First-in-Human Evaluation of HF50, a Novel Liposomal HER2×CD3 T Cell Engager with TLR Agonist Payload, Demonstrates Tolerability and Early Clinical Response

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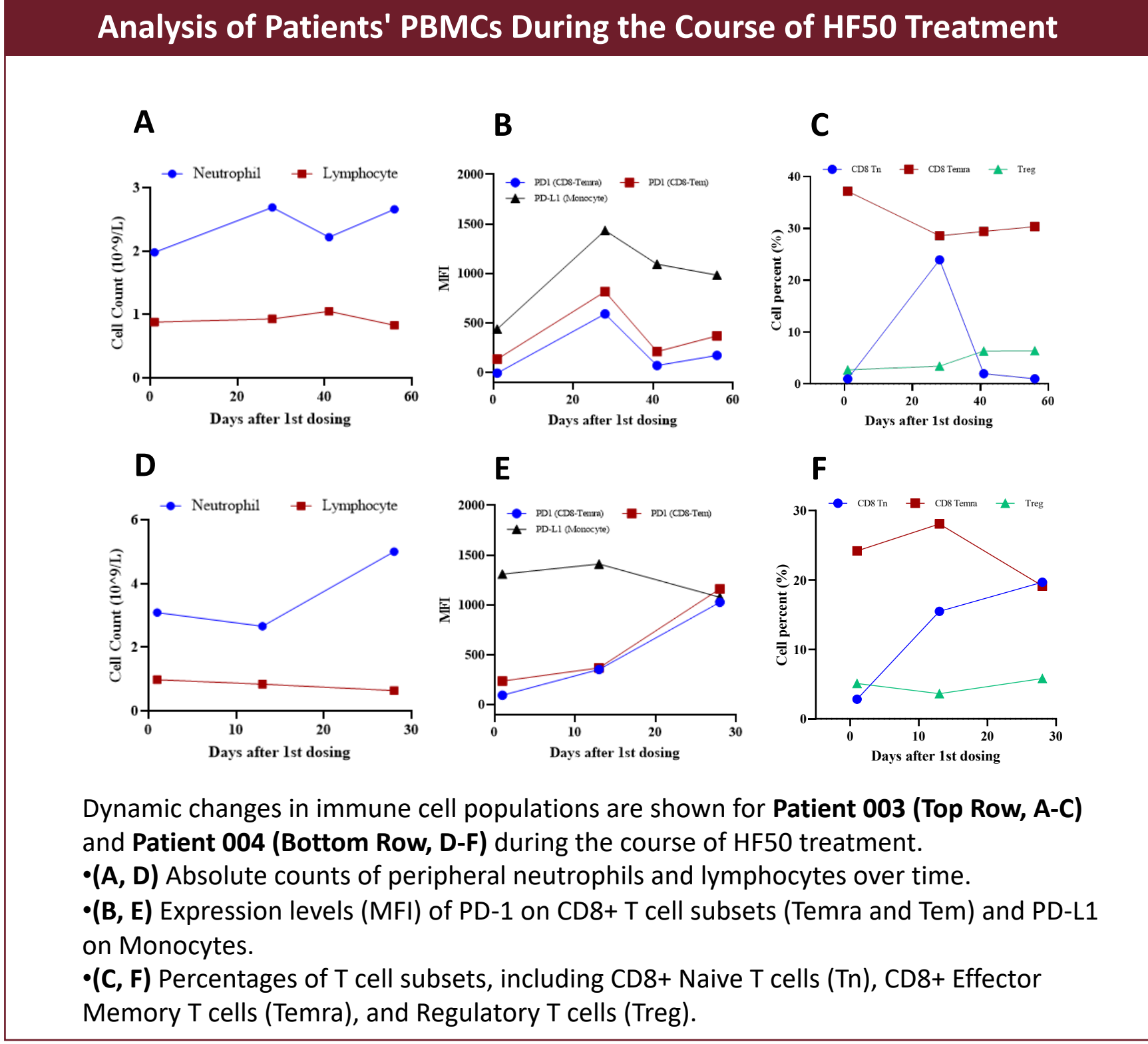
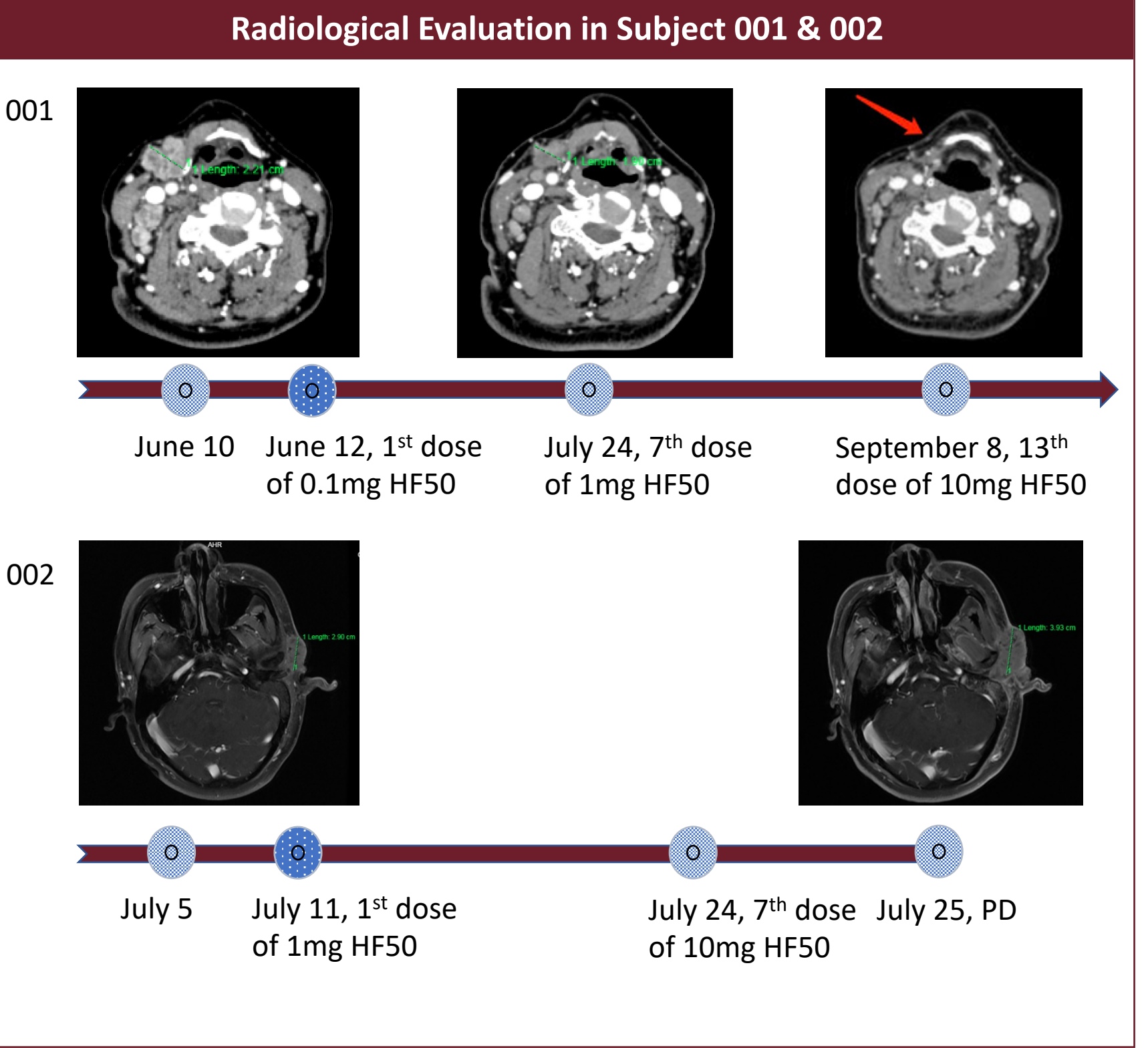
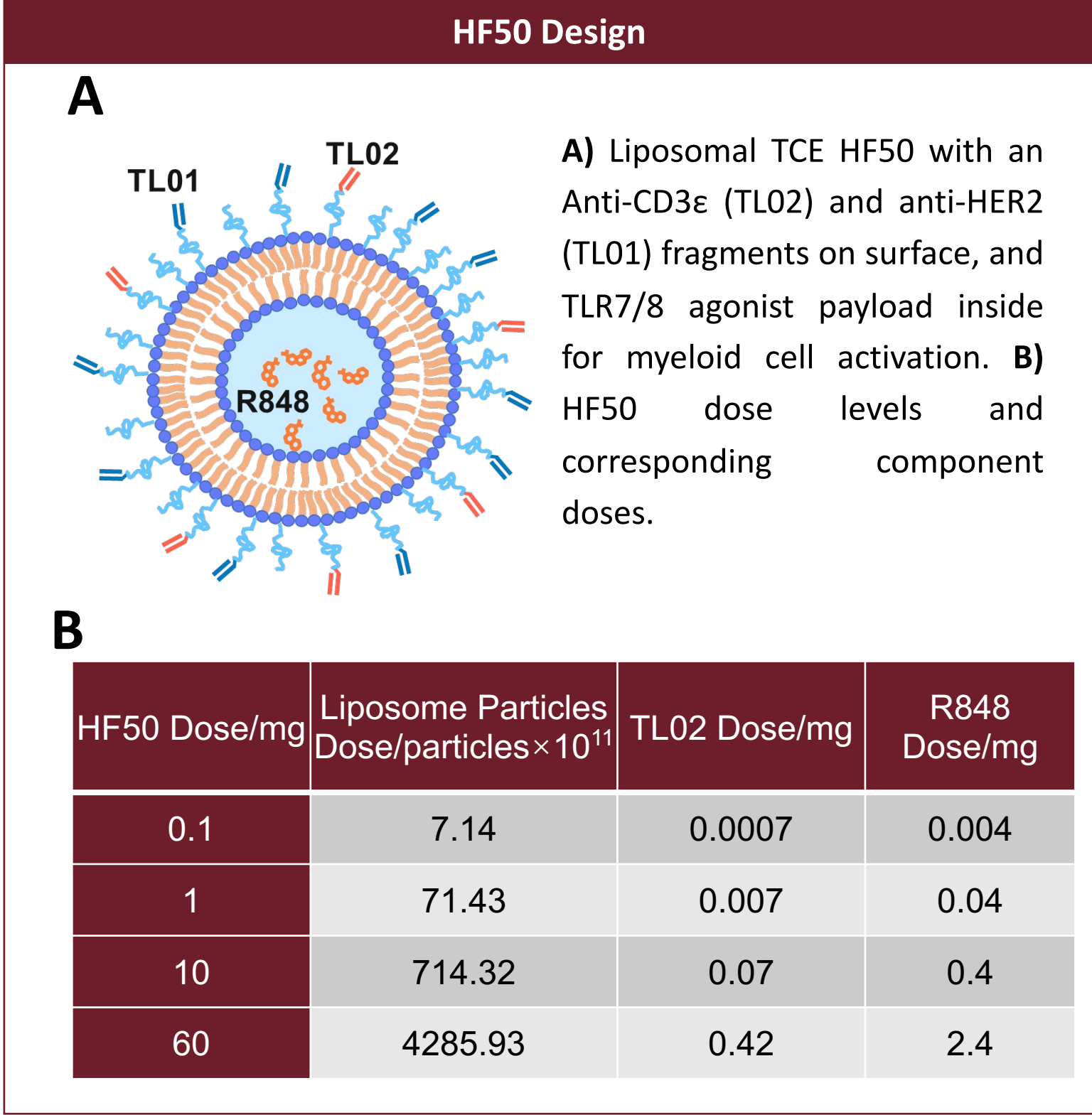
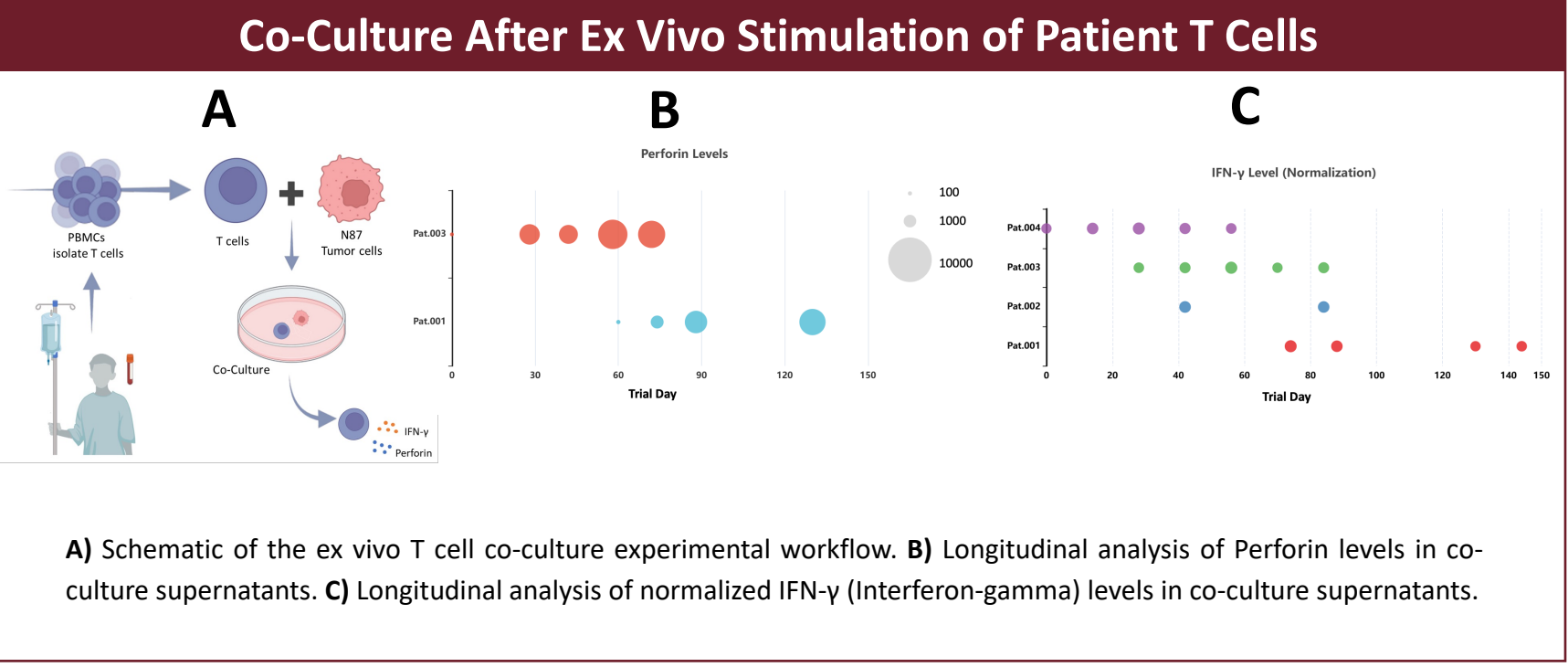
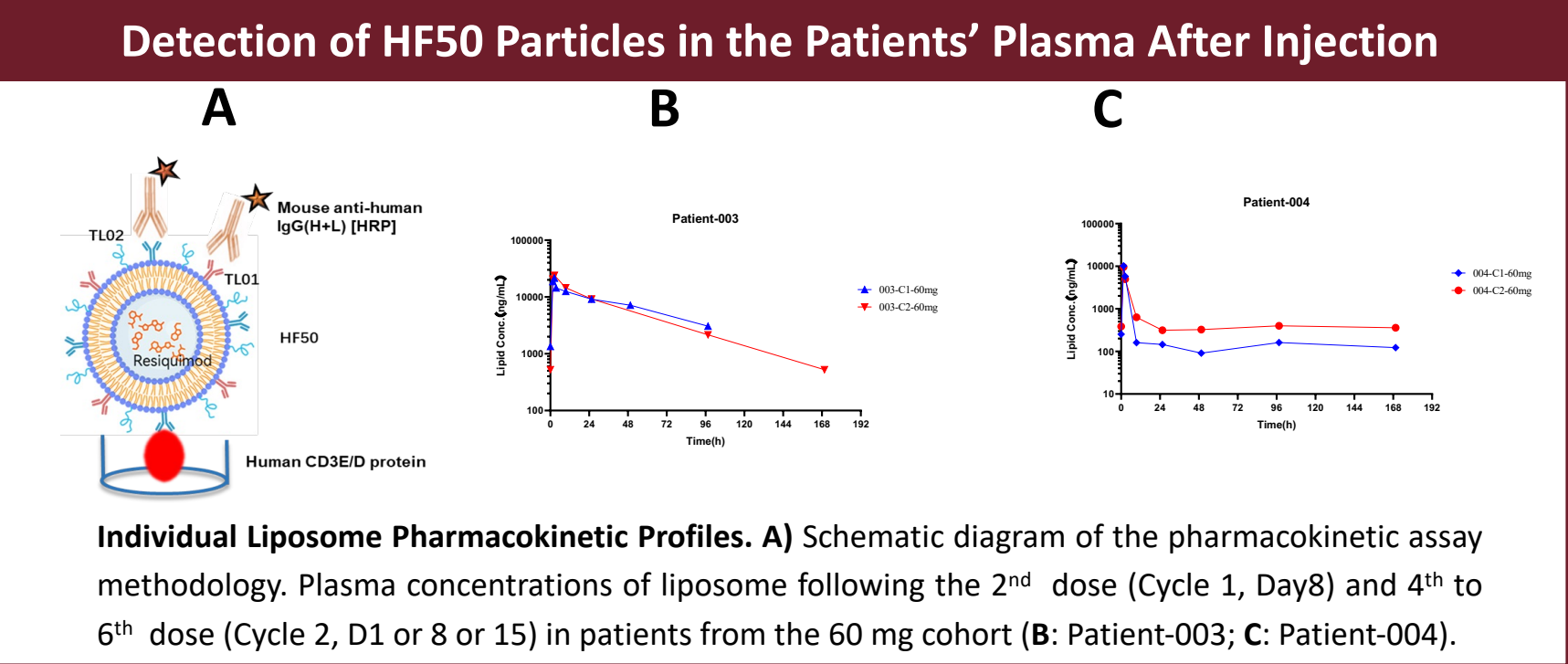
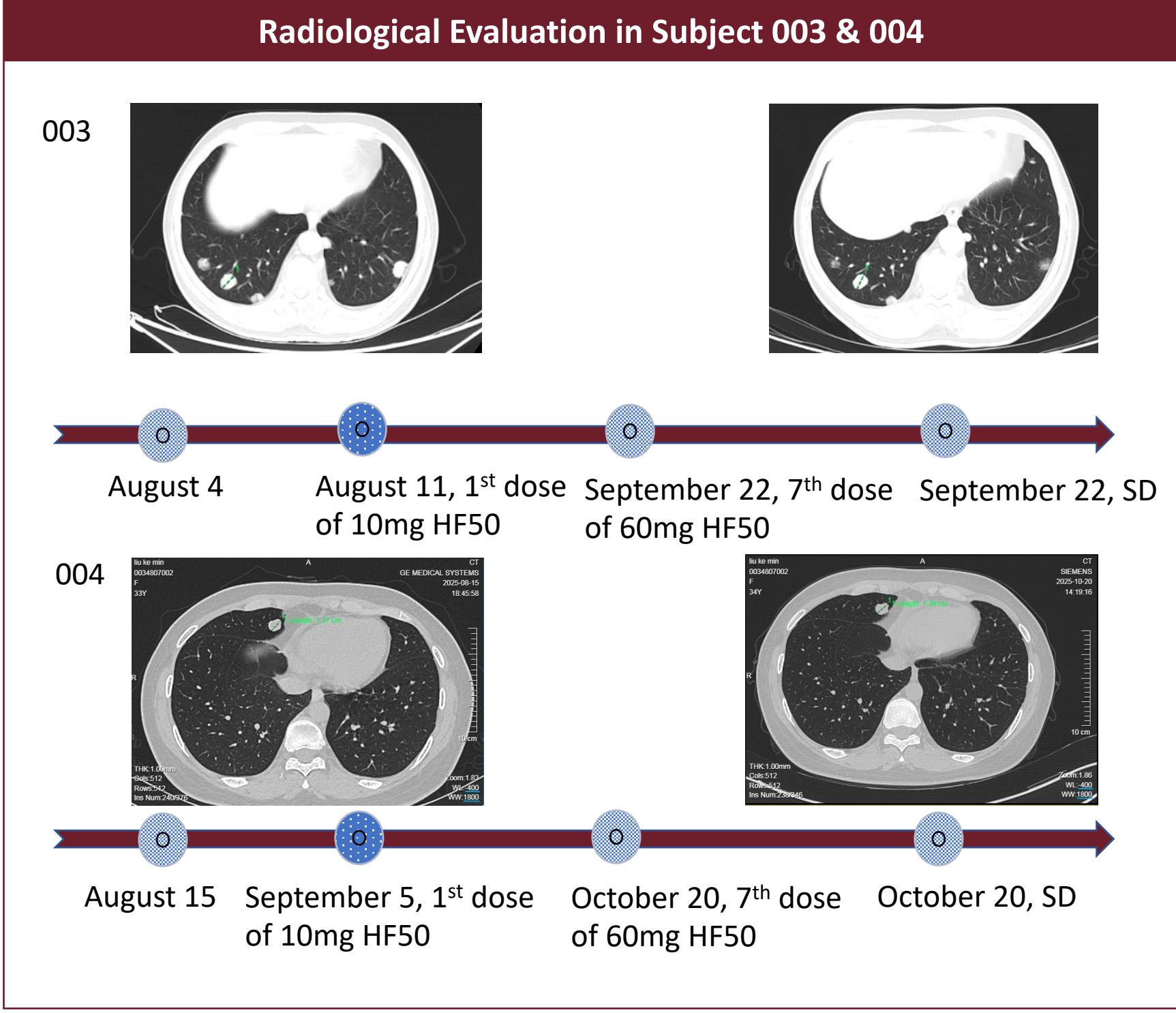
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Abstract

- Background: HF50 is a novel liposomal T-cell engager (TCE) engineered to anchor both anti-CD3ε and anti-HER2 fragments on the surface for interacting with T-cell and encapsulate a TLR7/8 agonist for activating myeloid cells for complementary immune stimulation. Preclinical data suggest a wider therapeutic window and a reduced risk of cytokine release syndrome (CRS) compared to traditional TCEs. This study aims to evaluate the safety and preliminary efficacy of HF50.
- Method: This is a first-in-human, open-label, Phase I dose-escalation study (NCT06822998) designed to evaluate the safety, tolerability, pharmacokinetics, and preliminary anti-tumor efficacy of HF50. The trial enrolls patients with advanced HER2-positive or HER2-low (IHC ≥ 1+) solid tumors who have failed, are intolerant to, or lack effective standard treatment options. We utilize a weekly intravenous infusion schedule that incorporates a step-up dosing regimen to mitigate potential CRS.

| Subject Demographics, AEs and Responses |     |     |                          |                 |   |                                   |     |     |
|---|-----|-----|--------------------------|-----------------|---|-----------------------------------|-----|-----|
| Subject                                 | Sex | Age | Pathology                | Her-2           | Drug-Related AEs (Definite, Probable, Possible)                 | Treatment Response per RECIST 1.1 |     |     |
|   |     |     |                          |                 |   | W7                                | W13 | W19 |
| 001                                     | M   | 52  | Salivary duct carcinoma  | IHC 2+, FISH(-) | Grade 1 discomfort in the cervical lymph node region            | SD                                | PR  | PR  |
| 002                                     | M   | 59  | Salivary duct carcinoma  | IHC 2+, FISH(-) | Grade 1 blister at the tumor site and persistent site discharge | PD                                | -   | -   |
| 003                                     | M   | 54  | Salivary duct carcinoma  | IHC 3+          | Grade 1 CRS (fever)   | SD                                | -   | -   |
| 004                                     | F   | 34  | Adenoid cystic carcinoma | IHC 1+          | Grade 1 rash  | SD                                | -   | -   |



Conclusion

HF-50 demonstrated a manageable safety profile and was well-tolerated at the tested dose levels in this cohort. T cell activation and inflammatory responses were observed at all dose levels, leading to preliminary anti-tumor activity in some patients. These findings support continued dose escalation and further investigation of HF-50 in this population.

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